

BARRE DAILY TIMES

Subscriptions: One year, \$3; one month, 25 cts.; single copy, 1 cent.

Members of the Publishers' Press.—The latest telegraphic news from all parts of the world are received by the Daily Times up to the hour of going to press.

Frank E. Langley, Publisher.

Published Every Weekday Afternoon.

Entered at the postoffice at Barre as second class matter.

TUESDAY, MAY 24, 1904



When you buy cloth, you pay for it by the yard. When you buy sugar, you pay for it by the pound. When you buy advertising, you pay for it by the 1000 circulation.

When you buy advertising space in Barre, you get the lowest rates per 1000 circulation and the best returns from the Daily Times. Its advertising rates per 1000 circulation are but two-thirds what they are elsewhere in Barre.

Are you saving that one-third by advertising in the Times?

The average daily circulation of the Barre Daily Times for the week ending Saturday was

3,175

copies, the largest paid circulation of any daily paper in this section.

CHOOSING A CAMPAIGN MANAGER.

Secretary Cortelyou of the department of labor and commerce, who has been mentioned as a possible candidate for the chairmanship of the national Republican campaign committee, is receiving encomiums from all the Republican press with the exception of those afflicted with an antipathy to President Roosevelt. The anti-Roosevelt men declare that in case of Cortelyou's selection, Roosevelt would be his own campaign manager. Cortelyou's brief record in his new cabinet position stamps him as a man of his own resources in spite of the fact that he has previously held positions of secretaryship that require especially a capability for following routine. There might be a much worse selection to head the campaign committee, although it must be admitted that a man with more actual political experience might serve more acceptably than Cortelyou. But if this comparatively young man is chosen for the responsible position there will be assurance that the work will be conducted aggressively and in a manner above reproach.

Graduation time with all its pleasures and hard work is almost at hand again. Those interested in the public schools—and that means all of us—will take notice that our splendid high school is about to turn out a fine class of young men and young women. It will also be noticed that an excellent programme of events has been arranged for this, the decennial year of the high school, which was reorganized from the old Barre academy.

These enlisted soldiers form a troublous people in times of peace, as the people of Burlington may well testify to. With one in jail charged with the murder of a Burlington policeman and now another in the guard house for stabbing a fellow-soldier, there is ample evidence, to say nothing of the minor difficulties directly traceable to them. A United States army post has its compensations and its drawbacks.

The Presbyterian church is taking up the divorce question. At the meeting of the general assembly at Buffalo yesterday, a special committee on marriage and divorce recommended that all ministers of the denomination be enjoined to refuse to perform the marriage ceremony in cases of divorced persons.

A sure sign that the Fourth of July is just ahead of us is the increasing number of fire works factories that are blowing up. Just at this time the factories are rushed overtime with orders, and in the bustle less care is taken to prevent accidents.

Vermont editors will meet at St. Albans next Friday evening to "eat and talk." Needless to say they will do full justice to each and have a good time besides.

A candidate for sheriff in a Maine county, who, by the way, is a parson, is to stump his county in an automobile. Excuse the private car as a campaign novelty.

What sacred contracts are violated if the people, not satisfied with the gubernatorial candidates that have presented themselves, look elsewhere?

According to the state superintendent of education there are 66,000 pupils in the public schools of the state. The teachers' task is a large one.

If, as reported, a Montpelier man has run away and left his wife and five children with only 70 cents, he must feel like thirty of them.

Gospel village belies its name when a bold assault is committed right in the midst of the sedate district.



YES, WE'VE SAID IT BEFORE. WE FIT THE HARD TO FIT.

In stock we have "stouts" in all the various dimensions. What alterations are necessary we make on the spot. When your shape is in our suits you look fit, you feel fit, and you are fit to go anywhere.

Underwear on the same generous plan—big, easy fits for big men.

WE CLEAN, PRESS AND REPAIR CLOTHING.

F. H. ROGERS & CO.

Successors to Rogers & Grady Co.,
Quinlen Block, - Barre, Vermont.

ABOUT THE STATE.

Items of Interest Gleaned From Our Exchanges.

John A. McGee of Jericho, has on his place a snowdrift five feet in depth.

George A. Jewell of Corinth this season made nearly 4,000 pounds of sugar and syrup from 900 trees.

Rev. B. H. Penwarden of West Newbury has accepted a call from the church at Post Mills and will move about the first of June.

Henry Ellis, a farmer who lives in the south part of the town of Westminster, met with a shocking accident May 18. He was caught in some unknown manner beneath his team while drawing fertilizer from under his barn and his back was broken. He is still living.

E. P. Eddy of Hull, Que., is a visitor in Montpelier. This is the first visit for 52 years. When he was a young man Mr. Eddy drove a four horse "Yankee notion" team through this section. He is now head of the E. P. Eddy Co., manufacturers of pulp and matches, a firm employing 4,000 hands.

George N. Godfrey, a well known Brandon man, went early yesterday morning for a ride on his bicycle. He was last seen going past the farmhouse of Frank Sanderson at breakfast time. One hour later a man in Mr. Sanderson's employ found Godfrey dead beside the road. It is believed heart failure was the cause, though death might have been caused by a fall. Mr. Godfrey had been subject to heart trouble. He is survived by a daughter.

JINGLES AND JESTS.

Partial Eclipse.

Ernie—And did you hide your face when he kissed you?
Belle—Well, I had on automobile goggles.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Where Are Those Kids?

What's become of the little boy who used to roam the land and proudly show the doted warts which grew upon his hand?
—Indianapolis Sun.

Twenty-five Cents' Worth of Help.

"The street beggar," remarked the observer of events and things, "some times gets help from an unexpected quarter."—Yonkers Statesman.

An Object Lesson.

Lives of battleships remind us that, by error or design, bubbles we will leave behind us if we stumble on a mine.
—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

Mother Earth.

"I wonder why people always speak of earth as she?"
"It's natural enough. Nobody knows exactly what her age is."

Hard Lines.

"The more we get," you've heard before, "the more we want," and yet
It always works this way—the more we want the less we get.
—Catholic Standard and Times.

Skeptical.



Kid—There! I know that went right on to his tail! I bet they're stuffing me about this same as they did 'bout Santa Claus!—San Francisco Examiner.

Paint Your Buggy for 75c.

to \$1.00 with Devco's Gloss Carriage Paint. It weighs 2 to 8 ounces more to the pint than others, wears longer, and gives a gloss equal to new work. Sold by Reynolds & Son.

POLITICS IN JAPAN.

Constitution Is Framed on the Lines of Germany's.

CABINET DEPENDS ON THE LORDS

Without Support of the House of Peers, It Cannot Pass Bills—Count Yamagata the One Man Able to Control the Peers—House of Representatives Gaining in Power.

The history of the slow formation of parties in Japanese politics, coupled as it is with the outbreak of the present war and the fall of Marquis Ito from political power, forms one of the most interesting stories of modern Japan.

Japan's constitution is framed after the German constitution because the German constitution preserves to a great degree the influence of the sovereign in political life. The cabinet under the Japanese constitution looks to the mikado and not to the house of representatives for its support. It does not seek the favor of the people, but the good will of the sovereign.

The influence—indeed, the very existence—of party, therefore, in the Japanese parliament is due to the tendency of the individual to develop along modern lines of government rather than any place occupied by party by virtue either of the institutions of the country or the new form of government adopted.

Take the present Japanese government. It represents not the electoral vote of the people, but the victory of the two great clans of Japan, the Satsuma and Chosin, those clans which were prominent in the restoration of the power of the emperor. Their rule by virtue of their aristocracy.

The Satsuma and Chosin clans originated in the south of Japan at the strait of Simunoseki. The Satsuma clan was south of the strait, the Chosin north. The Satsuma clan produced the great soldiers of Japan, and the head of the clan is now Admiral Yamamoto, minister of the navy. The Chosin clan produced such statesmen as Ito and Kodama.

The house of representatives cannot force a minister to resign—that is to say, theoretically it cannot—because the ministry can theoretically dissolve the house of representatives as many times as the house fails to support it. The cabinet seeks the favor of the sovereign. As long as it has his support, it can according to the constitution continue to rule. Curiously enough, the discretion of the sovereign prevents a serious or permanent breach between the representatives of the people and the government.

However independent of the house of representatives the cabinet may seem in theory, in practice the house is gaining more power. The cabinet may dissolve the house a number of times, but if on re-election the people support the action of the house the emperor is sure to dismiss his cabinet, saying that a cabinet that does not retain the support of the people cannot have his confidence.

With the house of peers it is different. Without the support of the upper house the cabinet can pass no bills. Moreover, the cabinet cannot dissolve the house of peers. It is of the highest importance that some one in the government should be able to carry the house of peers, and in the present government, Count Yamagata is the one man in Japan who is able to control the house of peers. Therefore the government has need of him.

In the house of peers there are no parties, only spheres of influence or cliques depending entirely on the personality of leaders, but in no way on political principles. The theoretic has so little hold on the Japanese people that parties founded on political doctrines are exotic plants.

Marquis Ito some years ago conceived the idea that a strong party organization in the house of representatives was the one thing that would benefit Japan and put the government on a more democratic basis. He organized, therefore, that great heterogeneous party, the Senkat. But after having organized it he found it very difficult to manage. Still, with his great acumen as a politician he might in time have been able to control this big party if unforeseen opposition had not arisen.

Marquis Ito is called in Japan "the eight faced." His friends put it that he was trained in the old days of extra-territoriality and is very timid in international affairs. His enemies say that he combines with his great ability a mind that changes with each political wind.

The fact is that Marquis Ito, seeing the growth of power on the people's side, determined to control not only the imperial will, but also the house of representatives. Vaulting ambition proved his fall. He lost both. He had the ear of the emperor and also was at the head of this great party of the people. His plan was to play off one against the other, control the cabinet and be the real ruler of Japan. But revolt came from both sides.

The Senkat party showed hostility to the imperial plan and would not respond to the tight rein of Marquis Ito. At the same time the emperor, influenced by the nobility, sent for Ito and informed him that he must confine himself to playing one part. Either he must resign his position as leader of the Senkat party or he must lose the royal ear. Marquis Ito resigned the leadership of the Senkat and naturally at the same time lost much of his influence over the emperor.

THINGS THEATRICAL.

A new play recently produced is entitled "The Signal Lights of Port Arthur." It deals with the present Japanese-Russian war.

Katie Barry, the little English girl who made such a hit in "A Chinese Honeymoon," has gone home over the sea for a little rest.

Louis Mann and Clara Lipman, according to latest advices, will head a company playing "The Girl From Kay's" the coming year.

The season at the National theater, Philadelphia, will be prolonged into June, something that has not been done for a number of years.

In St. Petersburg concerts and theatricals have come to almost a complete standstill on account of public feeling being entirely absorbed in the Russo-Japanese war.

Sarah Bernhardt's son, Maurice, assisted by Sardon, as is supposed, has dramatized Sienkiewicz's story, "With Fire and Sword." Paderewski may write the incidental music.

Music is now following the example set by the historical religious drama. A new opera, "Buddha," just performed with success in Germany, is founded on the life of Gautama, the founder of that faith.

CURIOUS CULLINGS.

A Maine lawyer made a will in which he bequeathed all his property to his wife on the condition that she marry again within two years of his death.

A cat owned by Uriah Adams of Mount Holly, N. J., recently killed a rat that had about its neck a diamond ring belonging to his daughter. Search for the lost ring had been abandoned.

An Austrian peasant's wife, in revenge for her husband's loss of a lawsuit, sowed tares during the night in the wheatfield of his successful opponent. She was sent to prison for three months.

At the funeral of John R. Jones of Newark, O., all of the pallbearers, six in number, were named Jones, yet none was a relative of the deceased, and no one of the pallbearers was related to any of the others.

A man fell head downward twenty-five feet at Augusta, Me., and struck fairly in the middle of a spring seat on a fidget. He bounced off like a rubber ball and landed on his feet in the street. His neck was a little stiff the next day, but he was otherwise uninjured.

CHURCH AND CLERGY.

A permanent endowment fund of \$150,000 for city mission work in Chicago has been created by the Congregationalists of that city.

The year 1903 in the Presbyterian mission in Canton, China, was the best in its history. To the twenty churches there were 1,089 additions, and the local contributions amounted to more than \$8,000.

The Rev. Dr. James Bard Brady, a former pastor at Worcester, Mass., will undertake to raise \$5,000,000 for the relief of the aged preachers and the widows and orphans of Methodist preachers of the general conference.

One of the questions that will come before the general convention of the Protestant Episcopal church in Boston next October will be that of granting the clergy liberty to use the revised version of the Bible, which at present is denied them.

BARRE OPERA HOUSE

Week of MAY 23d

25TH YEAR

Bennett-Moulton
COMPANY.

Producing the Following Plays:

EVENING.

Tuesday The Belle of Virginia
Wednesday Outcasts of Society
Thursday The Lyndon Bank Robbery
Friday Shipwrecked
Saturday The Strike at Murdock Mills

MATINEE.

Saturday The Working Girl

Evening Prices, - - 10, 20 and 30c
Matinee Prices, - - 10 and 20c

On Sale at Red Cross Pharmacy, Friday, May 20.

J. W. GRADY.

Merchant
Tailoring.

ALSO CLEANING
AND REPAIRING

J. W. GRADY,

UP STAIRS.

Quinlen Block, - Barre, Vermont.

Wednesday and Thursday

These Bargains Will be Found on Our Bargain
Tables for the Next Two Days.

CORSET COVERS.

Fifty dozen Corset Covers, trimmed with fancy lace and embroidery, regular 39c value, for this sale - 25c

WASH GOODS.

15c Fancy Lace Stripe White Lawns, this sale - 10c
25c Fancy Lace Stripe White Lawns, this sale - 15c
25c Fancy Colored Figured Muslin, this sale - 15c
15c Plain White India Linon, this sale - 10c

SHIRT WAISTS.

Shirt Waists in plain black, in linen color and in white with black dots and figures, fancy lace and embroidery trimmed, regular \$1.25 value, this sale - 98c

Banner Patterns for June.

THE VAUGHAN STORE

THE PERLEY E. POPE CO.

Corner Store, Montpelier.

Perspiration Proof Silks!

We have just received the black and white in these popular Jap Silks. The beauty of these Silks is unsurpassed in light-weight Silks and the quality is such that perspiration does not affect them. 32 inches wide, 75c a yard.

THE PERLEY E. POPE COMPANY,

PERLEY E. POPE, Manager.

COME WHERE THE

Assortment is the Largest

Come Where Prices Are Low.

Fifty Vehicles
on our floor
to select from
and almost as
many Harness



We will not be
undersold by
anybody,
north or south,
east or west.

Our Fine Hand-Made Harness, - - \$14.50

Don't buy a Wagon or Harness until you see us, or get our Catalogue. We have a complete equipment for Rubber Tiring old and new wagons.

COLLINS & COLTON,

WHOLESALE 84 State Street, RETAIL
Montpelier, - - - - - Vermont.

Furnishings!

Here's where the man who is particular about his Furnishings can always get what he is looking for. The Shirts, Neckwear, Underwear, Hosiery, Collars, Gloves, Suspenders, Belts, etc., are just a little newer than he can find at other stores. This is the verdict of our customers. Suppose you come and see? Our prices will be right. They are always right.

MOORE & OWENS,

122 North Main St., Barre, Vermont.

The City Auction Rooms

HAVE TAKEN A
NEW LEASE OF LIFE.

Open at all reasonable hours. Someone in constant attendance to show goods of every description.

BEDS, SPRINGS, MATTRESSES, COUCHES,

Mantel Beds and Sofas. Stoves, Ranges, Gasolene Stoves and Ovens. Kitchen Utensils, Lamps, Globes and Oil Cans. Washing Machines and Wringers. Mats, Rugs, Carpeting and other goods too numerous to mention here.

Auction Sales Each Evening, or Goods at Private Sale at Any Time. O. H. Hale, Auctioneer.